NAL INTEGRATED MINE DRATION PROJECT (NIM





cold Projects

FEDERAL REPUBLIC OF NIGERIA

MINISTRY OF MINES AND STEEL DEVELOPMENT and the

NIGERIAN GEOLOGICAL SURVEY AGENCY



The National Integrated Mineral Exploration Project' (NIMEP) is a Ministry of Mines and Steel Development program for the development and promotion of the Nigerian mineral industry.

The NIMEP objectives were to delineate to "international standards" a series of prospective targets supported with detailed reporting of the methodology and results encompassing definition of the nature and style of economic deposits. The Gold programs within the NIMEP Project are part of the Lot 1A area which covers approximately 300,500km2 of the Western Nigerian Shield, the primary gold province of Nigeria.



Dyke Fault-post rift Fault-early rift **Anka Project Area** Fault Shear zone-late Shear zone-early: Terrane boundary zone Shear zone-early Bin Yauri Project Area Shear zone-low angle thrust Mesozoic-Cenozoic Cover Phase 1 Project Areas **Ifewara Project Area**

Gold mineralisation systems through the Western Nigerian Shield are associated with a series of regional, late tectonic, NNE-SSW trending shear zones which transect Nigeria. These late Neoproterozoic structures represent zones progressive, dextral transpressional strain localisation along domains of crustal weakness established on

a series of inverted early to mid Neoproterozoic rift basins. These regional shear zone systems provided the conduits for gold mineralisation associated with a late tectonic sinistral Abuja West reactivation which facilitated efficient fluid Project Area pathways through the shear zone network.

> Four regional project areas were delineated for detailed follow up programs targeting both primary and subsidiary structural networks along the main late tectonic shear zone corridors. Extensive ground magnetic surveys were used to build detailed structural frameworks over areas of interest which provided the basis for targeted soil sampling programs.

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detailed follow up programs targeting both primary and subsidiary structural networks along the main late tectonic shear zone corridors. Extensive ground magnetic surveys were used to build detailed structural frameworks over areas of interest which provided the basis for targeted soil sampling programs. Positive results were obtained in all areas and follow-up drilling programs were undertaken on three target zones.

Contact Details: NIGERIAN GEOLOGICAL SURVEY AGENCY

Email: support@ngsa.gov.ng Web Address: www.ngsa.gov.ng

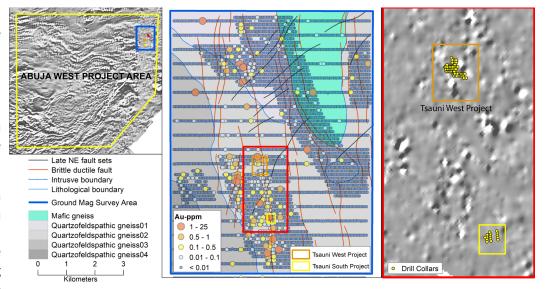
The Abuja West Project Area

The Tsauni project area occurs along the eastern margin of the Western Nigerian Shield. The targets include a series of late brittle-ductile, en-echelon vein systems developed within a broad (~6km wide) discordant demagnetised shear zone.

Regional soil sampling ($500 \times 50m$ with 125x25m infill sample grids) results highlighted a series of discrete anomalous corridors delineated by this structural zone with anomalous Au, Pb and Zn defining a series of discrete N-S trending zones.

The Tsauni West and Tsauni South project areas occur along the same structural corridor defined by the eastern anomalous zone. The mineralisation is hosted within en-echelon, laminated to vuggy quartz veins within a reactivated regional high-grade shear zone.

These project areas define a mineralised structure with a strike of 1.8km and may extend for >9km along the extent of the Abuja West Project Area. Strong intersections along this zone



include 12m@ 1.2g/t Au and 13m@ 0.9g/t Ag; 16m@ 0.9g/t Au and 1.6g/t Ag; 3m@ 32.43g/t Au and 2.59g/t Ag.

